IS 2150 / TEL 2810 Information Security & Privacy



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Access Control Model Foundational Results



- State of a system
 - Current values of
 - memory locations, registers, secondary storage, etc.
 - other system components
- Protection state (P)
 - A system state that is considered secure
- A protection system
 - Captures the conditions for state transition
 - Consists of two parts:
 - A set of generic rights
 - A set of commands

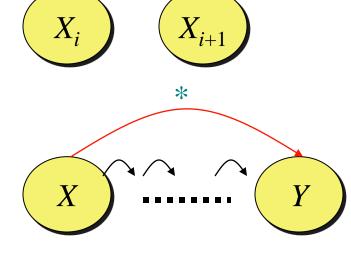
Protection System

- Subject (S: set of all subjects)
 - Eg.: users, processes, agents, etc.
- Object (O: set of all objects)
 - Eg.:Processes, files, devices
- Right (R: set of all rights)
 - An action/operation that a subject is allowed/disallowed on objects
 - Access Matrix A: $a[s, o] \subseteq R$
- Set of Protection States: (S, O, A)
 - Initial state $X_0 = (S_0, O_0, A_0)$

State Transitions

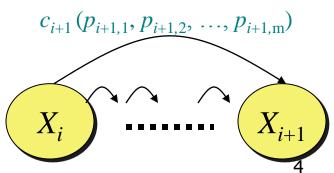
 $X_i \mid \tau_{i+1} X_{i+1}$: upon transition τ_{i+1} , the system moves from state X_i to X_{i+1}

X
ightharpoonup *Y: the system moves from state X to Y after a set of transitions



 $X_i \vdash c_{i+1} (p_{i+1,1}, p_{i+1,2}, ..., p_{i+1,m}) X_{i+1}$: state transition upon a command

For every command there is a sequence of state transition operations



Primitive commands (HRU)

Create subject s	Creates new row, column in ACM; s does not exist prior to this
Create object o	Creates new column in ACM o does not exist prior to this
Enter r into $a[s, o]$	Adds r right for subject s over object o Ineffective if r is already there
Delete r from $a[s, o]$	Removes r right from subject s over object o
Destroy subject s	Deletes row, column from ACM;
Destroy object o	Deletes column from ACM



Primitive commands (HRU)

Create subject s

Creates new row, column in ACM; s does not exist prior to this

```
Precondition: s \notin S

Postconditions: S = S \cup \{s\}, O = O \cup \{s\}

(\forall y \in O)[a'[s, y] = \emptyset] \text{ (row entries for s)}
(\forall x \in S)[a'[x, s] = \emptyset] \text{ (column entries for s)}
(\forall x \in S)(\forall y \in O)[a'[x, y] = a[x, y]]
```



Primitive commands (HRU)

Enter r into a[s, o]

Adds r right for subject s over object o Ineffective if r is already there

```
Precondition: s \in S, o \in O

Postconditions:
S = S, O = O
a'[s, o] = a[s, o] \cup \{ r \}
(\forall x \in S)(\forall y \in O')
[(x, y)\neq(s, o) \rightarrow a'[x, y] = a[x, y]]
```

System commands

[Unix] process p creates file f with owner read and write (r, w) will be represented by the following:

```
Command create\_file(p, f)
Create object f
Enter own into a[p,f]
Enter r into a[p,f]
Enter w into a[p,f]
End
```

System commands

Process p creates a new process q

```
Command spawn\_process(p, q)
Create subject q;
Enter own into a[p,q]
Enter r into a[p,q]
Enter w into a[p,q]
Enter r into a[q,p]
Enter w into a[q,p]
Parent and child can signal each other
End
```



System commands

 Defined commands can be used to update ACM

```
Command make\_owner(p, f)
Enter own into a[p,f]
End
```

- Mono-operational:
 - the command invokes only one primitive



Conditional Commands

Mono-operational + monoconditional

```
Command grant_read_file(p, f, q)

If own in a[p,f]

Then

Enter r into a[q,f]

End
```

Conditional Commands

Mono-operational + biconditional

```
Command grant_read_file(p, f, q)

If r in a[p,f] and c in a[p,f]

Then

Enter r into a[q,f]

End
```

Why not "OR"??



Fundamental questions

- How can we determine that a system is secure?
 - Need to define what we mean by a system being "secure"
- Is there a generic algorithm that allows us to determine whether a computer system is secure?



- A simple definition
 - A secure system doesn't allow violations of a security policy
- Alternative view: based on distribution of rights
 - Leakage of rights: (unsafe with respect to right r)
 - Assume that A representing a secure state does not contain a right r in an element of A.
 - A right r is said to be leaked, if a sequence of operations/commands adds r to an element of A, which did not contain r



What is a secure system?

- Safety of a system with initial protection state X_o
 - Safe with respect to r: System is safe with respect to r if r can never be leaked

• Else it is called unsafe with respect to right r.