

Quiz 5, IS0020, Feb 10, 2004

Name:

1. Which of the following statements will not produce a syntax error?
 - (a) defining a **const** member function that modifies a data member of an object.
 - (b) invoking a non-**const** member function on a **const** object.
 - (c) declaring an object to be **const**.
 - (d) declaring a constructor **const**.

ANS: (c)

2. When composition (one object having another object as a member) is used
 - (a) the host object is constructed first and then the member objects are placed into it
 - (b) member objects are constructed first, in the order they appear in the host constructor's initializer list
 - (c) member objects are constructed first, in the order they are declared in the host's class
 - (d) member objects are constructed last, in the order they are declared in the host's class

ANS: (c)

3. If the line **friend class A;** appears in **class B**, and **friend class B;** appears in **class C** then
 - (a) **class A** is a friend of **class C**.
 - (b) **class A** can access **private** variables of **class B**.
 - (c) **class C** can call **class A**'s **private** member functions.
 - (d) **class B** can access **class A**'s **private** variables.

ANS: (b)

4. Inside a function definition, and for an object with data element **x**, which of the following is not equivalent to **this->x** ?
 - (a) ***this.x**
 - (b) **(*this).x**
 - (c) **x**
 - (d) **(* (& (*this))).x**

ANS: (a)

5. If the functions **a()**, **b()** and **c()** all return references to an object **Test** (using the **this** pointer) and function **d()** is declared **void**, which of the following statements has correct syntax?
 - (a) **Test.a().b().d();**
 - (b) **a().b().Test;**
 - (c) **Test.d().c();**
 - (d) **Test.a().Test.d();**

ANS: (a)

6. Which of the following is false about the **new** operator and the object it allocates memory for?

- (a) it calls the object's constructor.
- (b) it returns a pointer.
- (c) it does not require size of the object to be specified.
- (d) it automatically destroys the object after **main** is exited.

ANS: (d)

7. The **delete** operator
- (a) can terminate the program.
 - (b) can delete an entire array of objects declared using **new**.
 - (c) must be told which destructor to call when destroying an object.
 - (d) is called implicitly at the end of a program.

ANS: (b)

8. If **Americans** are objects of the same class, which of the following would most likely be a **static** variable of this class?
- (a) age
 - (b) the President
 - (c) place of birth
 - (d) favorite food

ANS: (b)

9. **static** member functions:
- (a) can use the **this** pointer.
 - (b) can only access other **static** member functions and **static** variables.
 - (c) cannot be called until their class is instantiated.
 - (d) can be declared **const** as well.

ANS: (b)

10. Proxy classes are best described as an example of
- (a) object-oriented programming (as used in the text).
 - (b) structured programming.
 - (c) information hiding.
 - (d) utility functions.

ANS: (c)